Obstetrics Rehab Clinical Pathway



Enhanced Recovery After Delivery [™] Care Coordination							
	OBGYN Midwife NP	RN	OT PT	Patient			
Antepartum Outpatient	Screen PMH & risk factors for pre- and/or post-delivery cardiopulmonary, MSK, & pelvic health impairments (i.e. T2DM, HTN, CVD, SCD, asthma, urinary/bowel incontinence, pelvic organ prolapse, pain with intercourse, pain in pelvic girdle, back, or shoulder). 1st-2nd trimester: Referral to obstetric OT/PT to optimize pre/post-delivery function and provide early intervention for identified cardiopulmonary, MSK, & pelvic health concerns.	Communicate PMH & risk factors to provider for referral to OT/PT to reduce pre/post- delivery impairments.	Evaluate cardiopulmonary, MSK, and pelvic health function & instruct on home therapy program. Determine plan of care to address antepartum goals and concerns and provide recommendations for postpartum follow-up.	Consult with obstetric OT/PT to optimize birth and postpartum function and begin home or outpatient therapy program following evaluation with guidance on correct performance.			
High-Risk Antepartum Inpatient or Home with Activity Limitations	Screen for MSK and pelvic health function impacted by antepartum activity limitations (i.e. bedrest with bathroom privileges). Referral to obstetric OT/PT to develop modified physical activity therapy program with high-risk pregnancy considerations and precautions. • Hospital: inpatient obstetric OT/PT referral • Home/bedrest: home or tele-health obstetric OT/PT referral • Home/non-bedrest: outpatient obstetric OT/PT referral		Review high-risk antepartum physical activity precautions/contraindications with provider. Instruct Patient on antepartum therapy program within prescribed activity guidelines to reduce deconditioning, loss of ROM, loss of strength, and postpartum symptom burden. Determine plan of care to address antepartum goals and concerns and provide recommendations for postpartum follow-up.	Consult with inpatient OT/PT or arrange homehealth, outpatient, or telehealth visit regarding physical activity limitations and recommendations to optimize function during birth and postpartum recovery.			
Postpartum Day 0	Place inpatient postpartum referral to OT/PT or implement auto Encourage position changes & early mobility to reduce pelvic & LE Screen: active vital signs, cognition, transfers, balance, gait, MSK i pelvic girdle dysfunction/pain), obstetric nerve palsy, & posture w Cesarean section • Diaphragmatic breathing interventions with instruction on IS; S • Encourage supine positioning (lying flat) every 2 hours s/p su intervals to reduce surgical wound tension associated with si hip flexion, and upright positioning in hospital bed or recliner • Instruct Patient on appropriate abdominal binder size and place incision.	e edema. mpairments (e.g. rith infant care. SCDs in bed. largery for 10 min tting, prolonged r.	Sulcus or perineal laceration Interventions to reduce pelvic floor symptoms during transfers, gait, ADLs/infant care. Cesarean section Diaphragmatic breathing, wound protection with infant care, weighted blankets/pillows for abdominal splinting, positioning, & mobility to optimize colonic/gas motility. Precautions/ Contraindications to Therapy P: Postpartum magnesium sulfate = bed activities only until discontinued. C: Heavy vaginal bleeding; LE pain & swelling	Begin post-delivery therapeutic program involving positioning and functional mobility recommendations to optimize recovery and reduce limitations as directed by OT/PT. Cesarean section Ensure appropriate fitting of abdominal binder over incision.			

Abbreviations: MSK: musculoskeletal; T2DM: Type II Diabetes Mellitus; HTN: Hypertension; CVD: Cardiovascular Disease; SCD: Sickle Cell Disease or Sequential Compression Device; LE: lower extremity; IS: incentive spirometer; MEWS: Maternal Early Warning Signs; AD: assistive device; DME: durable medical equipment; D/C: discharge.

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Obstetrics Rehab Clinical Pathway



Enhanced Recovery After Delivery™ Care Coordination							
	OBGYN Midwife NP	RN	OT PT	Patient			
			C: Modified Early Obstetric Warning System Temp: < 95°F or > 100.4°F Systolic BP: mmHg < 90 or > 160 Diastolic BP: mmHg > 100 HR bpm < 50 or > 120 RR bpm < 10 or > 30 O2 sat < 95%				
Postpartum	Place inpatient postpartum referral to OT/PT or implement automatic orders.		Suggested outcome measure: AM-PAC TM	Continue therapy program incorporating diaphragmatic breathing			
Day 1 - 3	Encourage position changes & mobility to reduce pelvic & LE edema.		Assess need for AD, DME, or OT/PT follow-up.				
	Screen: active vital signs, cognition, transfers, balance, gait, MSK impairments (e.g. pelvic girdle dysfunction/pain), obstetric nerve palsy, & posture with infant care. Sulcus or perineal laceration Screen for bowel/bladder incontinence, perineal pain affecting sleep, mobility, ADLs/infant care. Referral to inpatient, home-health, or outpatient pelvic OT/PT. Cesarean section • Diaphragmatic breathing interventions with instruction on IS; SCDs in bed. • Encourage supine positioning (lying flat) every 2 hours s/p surgery for 10 min intervals to reduce surgical wound tension associated with sitting, prolonged hip flexion, and upright positioning in hospital bed or recliner. • Instruct Patient on appropriate binder size and placement over incision.		Cesarean section Emphasis on cardiopulmonary function, gait quality/distance, stair negotiation; wound protection strategies with log-roll transfer, wide BOS with sit<>stand, infant lift/lower. Initiate colonic mobilization and peri-incision desensitization training including use of mirror for visualization of incision location. interventions, or perineal we protection str with positioni bed/chair transimulate hom environment, lifting precaut	interventions, cesarean or perineal wound protection strategies with positioning, bed/chair transfers to simulate home environment, and safe lifting precautions during infant care as directed by			
			Pelvic health rehab & positioning to reduce perineal discomfort during ADLs/infant care.	ОТ/РТ.			
Pre- Discharge Orders	STAT referral to outpatient obstetric OT/PT for impairments affecting ADLs/infant care, mobility, fall risk, bowel/bladder function.	Coordinate D/C needs with provider, case management, and home health/outpatient therapy.		Schedule follow-up with home/tele-health or outpatient therapist.			
Postpartum Weeks 1 - 6	Referral to home health or outpatient obstetric OT/PT via automatic orders for postpartum therapy consult.	Communicate postpartum impairments and risk factors to provider for referral to OT/PT to optimize recovery.	<u>Evaluation/Treatment</u>	Discuss any concerns with provider & obstetric OT/PT (i.e. weakness, pain, bowel/bladder incontinence, edema). Consult with obstetric OT/PT for appropriate activity progression.			
	 Screen s/s for bowel/bladder incontinence & MSK/scar pain affecting mood, sleep, mobility, ADLs/infant care. Assess risk factors for pelvic girdle pain, pelvic floor dysfunction, or wound healing complications (i.e. T2DM, high BMI, abdominal pannus edema, prolonged seated or infant holding positions, ADL/infant care activities exceeding lifting precautions, or abnormal gait pattern. 		Cardiopulmonary assessment, functional mobility, abdominal/perineal wound assessment/protection, diastasis recti, transfers, infant lifting/lowering techniques, gait quality/distance, stair negotiation. Physical activity progression within lifting guidelines, peri-wound desensitization training, pelvic health-specific rehabilitation.				

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